ND Acute Stroke Transfer Protocol

FAX this packet as soon as possible to the appropriate number below with the following documents:

Lab

EKG

NIHSS

Current Medication List

ED Records

Any other supporting documents

One-Call Numbers / Fax for Transfers

Altru Health System – Grand Forks

Phone: 701-780-5206 or 1-855-425-8781

Fax: 701-780-1097

Essentia Health - Fargo

Phone: 701-364-8401 Fax: 701-364-8405

Sanford Health - Bismarck

Phone: 701-323-6150 Fax: 701-323-5751

Sanford Health - Fargo

Phone: 877-647-1225 Fax: 701-234-7203

St. Alexius Medical Center - Bismarck

Phone: 701-530-7699 or 1-877-735-7699

Fax: 701-530-7005

Trinity Health - Minot

Phone: 701-857-3000 or 1-800-223-1596

Fax: 701-857-3260

Reminder! Please Fax documents

	Acute Stroke Trans	Protocol P	t Name:
			OOB:/
A S			(Or Place Patient Label)
SESS	 □ BP □ Pulse □ V/S q 15 min with neuro checks □ Continuous Cardiac Monitoring □ Weightkg 	Acute Stroke	Intervention Algorithm
M E T	□ NIHSS on arrival (If Performed) □ Keep NPO (including meds)	Pt with signs / symptoms of stroke and symptom onset < 8 hrs	Does the facility have CT scan capabilities? Yes Arrange for rapid
T I M E	Date: : ED TRIAGE TIME : Date: TIME LAST SEEN WELL :	Is facility able to give tPA?	No No transfer One-call numbers on cover of packet
D I A G N	☐ CT Head w/o contrast CT Results: ☐ No acute findings ☐ Hemorrhage ☐ New Ischemic Stroke	Yes	10 – 10 min Complete essment and ne Sections 10 – 25 min Complete diagnostic Section 45 min Interpretation of CT
0 S T - C S	☐ Other: ☐ Stroke Panel - CBC, Platelets, PT-INR / PTT, Chem 8 / BMP, cardiac enzymes, glucose (bedside an option), Creat, Preg test (optional) ☐ 12-Lead EKG	If tPA ordered, refer to tPA Administration Order set and	If no exclusions, consider IV tPA. May consult with neurologist on call umbers front page) If CT negative for hemorrhage, refer to Inclusion / Exclusion Criteria If CT positive for hemorrhage, transfer
T R E A T M E N T	☐ If tPA candidate, institute tPA Administration Orders ☐ NPO (including meds) until Dysphagia Screen ☐ BP Protocol ■ Ischemic: target 185/110 ■ Hemorrhagic: target 140/80 ■ No sublingual Nifedipine ☐ Baseline 02 sat	exclusion criteria) If tPA ordered, refer to tPA Administration Order set and	Complete Disposition Section and prepare to ransfer to Tertiary Care Center (send oppy of this form and pertinent records Pts with ischemic stroke and out of window for IV tPA may be candidates for IA tPA or mechanical embolectomy. Contact appropriate tertiary facility for consideration.
	* ☐ Two Large-bore IV sites * ☐ Normal Saline 0.9% TKO *If time allows but do not hold up transfer		
D I S	☐ Transfer to Tertiary Care Facility ☐ Activate EMS transfer	tPA Checklist Onset Sx to tPA bolus <3 hrs. Onset Sx to tPA bolus up to 4.5 h select patients (see additional cri	1 1 10% IOIALOOSE AS DOIDS OVEL
P O S	Family / Contact Name & Cell:	No hemorrhage on CT scan Thrombolytic Inclusion / Exclusior checklist completed. No exclusior for administering tPA	during infusion, then q 15 min x 2 hr, q 30 min x 6 hr, then hourly
T O N	ED or Primary Physician Name & #:	Discussion with patient / family regarding risks/benefits/alternative Consent obtained from patient / fawho are eligible in the 3.0 to 4.5 window If Foley needed, insert before tPA	declines Mo anticoag/antiplatelet for 24 hr hr
		Repeat CT head if neuro statu	s

Thrombolytic (tPA) Therapy Guidelines Fligibility & Contraindications in Acute Ischemic Stroke

Yes	No	INCLUSION CRITERIA
162	NO	
		Diagnosis of ischemic stroke causing a measurable neurological deficit (loss of motor function, aphasia, etc.). Use caution with major neurological deficits.
		Age >18 years old
		Onset of symptoms <4.5 hours before beginning treatment (stroke onset = time patient last seen well or without symptoms) *see additional exclusion criteria for symptom onset between 3.0 to 4.5 hours
		EXCLUSION CRITERIA
Yes	No	Absolute Contraindications:
		Are the patient's symptoms suggestive of a subarachnoid hemorrhage or does CT show evidence of hemorrhage?
		Does the patient have a history of a previous intracranial hemorrhage?
		Does that patient have untreated cerebral aneurysm, arteriovenous malformation or brain tumor?
		Has the patient experienced head trauma, intracranial surgery, or stroke in the past 3 months?
		Has the patient had an arterial puncture at a non-compressible site in the previous 7 days?
С		Has the patient had recent intracranial or intraspinal surgery?
0		Is the patient's systolic blood pressure > 185 mmHg, despite treatment?
Ν		Is the patient's diastolic blood pressure > 110 mmHg, despite treatment?
Т		Does the patient have any evidence of active bleeding or acute trauma (fracture) on examination?
R		Is the patient taking an oral anticoagulant and is the INR > 1.7 or PT > 15 sec?
Α		Has the patient received Heparin within the past 48 hours resulting in abnormally ↑ aPTT greater than the upper limit of normal?
-1		Is the patient's platelet count <100,000/mm ³ ?
Ν		Current use of direct thrombin inhibitor or direct factor Xa inhibitors with elevated sensitive laboratory tests (aPTT, INR, platelet count, and ECT; TT; or appropriate factor Xa activity assays)
D		Is the patient's blood glucose level <50 mg/dL?
_		Does the CT show evidence of a multilobal infarction (hypodensity >1/3 cerebral hemisphere)?
С		Relative Contraindications:
Α		Are the patient's stroke symptoms only minor or rapidly improving (clearing spontaneously)?
Т		Has the patient had a myocardial infarction (MI) in the previous 3 months?
- 1		Has the patient had any gastrointestinal or urinary tract hemorrhage in the previous 21 days?
0		Has the patient had major surgery or trauma in the previous 14 days?
Ν		Has the patient had a seizure at stroke onset with postictal residual neurological impairments?
S		Is the patient known or expected to be pregnant or lactating?
		Additional inclusion / exclusion criteria ONLY for those between 3.0 to 4.5 hours (in addition to above)
		Is the patient > 80 years old?
		Is the patient taking oral anticoagulants regardless of INR? (replaces above exclusion criteria)
		Does the patient have a baseline NIHSS score >25?
		Does the patient have a history of diabetes and prior stroke?
		Does the patient have imaging evidence of ischemic injury involving > 1/3 of the MCA territory
□ Pa □ Di □ Co (<u>D</u>	atient h scussionsent	Gray contraindicated / excluded as no contraindication that would exclude patient from receiving tPA within the 3 hour window. as no contraindications that would exclude patient from receiving tPA within the 3 to 4.5 hour window. on with the patient / family re: risks/benefits/alternatives obtained from patient and/or family who are eligible for tPA in the 3.0 to 4.5 hour window _delay treatment to obtain consent, no consent is required if patient meets criteria and is unable to sign consent) sure:

(Patient Label)

NIH Stroke Scale

CATEGORY SCALE DEFINITION Score Score Score 1a. Level of Consciousness (Alert, drowsy, etc) 1b. LOC Questions (Month, age) 1c. LOC Commands (Open, close, eyes, make fist, let go) 1e. Performs both correctly 1e. Performs one correctly 2e. Best Gaze (Eyes open-patient follows examiners fingers/face) 3. Visual (Introduce visual stimulus (or threat) to patients visual field quadrants) 1e. Partial paralysis 1e. Motor Arm De No rdift 3erot a Stuporous 3erot Score
1a. Level of Consciousness (Alert, drowsy, etc) 1 = Drowsy 3 = Coma 1b. LOC Questions (Month, age) 1c. LOC Commands (Open, close, eyes, make fist, let go) 2 = Performs both correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 2 = Forced deviation (Eyes open—patient follows examiners fingers/face) 3. Visual (Introduce visual stimulus (or threat) to patients visual field quadrants) 4. Facial Palsy (Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 1 = Drowsy 3 = Coma 2 = Answers neither correctly 2 = Performs neither task 3 = Performs neither task 2 = Performs neither task 3 = Performs neither task 4 = Performs neither task 5 = Performs n
1a. Level of Consciousness (Alert, drowsy, etc) 1 = Drowsy 3 = Coma 1b. LOC Questions (Month, age) 1c. LOC Commands (Open, close, eyes, make fist, let go) 2 = Performs both correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 2 = Performs neither task 3 = Performs neither task 4 = Performs one correctly 2 = Performs neither task 2 = Performs neither task 3 = Performs neither task 4 = Performs neither task 5 = Performs neither task 6 = Performs neither task 7 = Performs neither task 8 = Performs neither task 9 = Performs neither task 9 = Performs neither task 9 = Performs neither task 1 = Performs neither task 1 = Performs neither task 1 = Performs neither task 2 = Performs neithe
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1b. LOC Questions (Month, age) 1 = Answers both correctly 1 = Answers neither correctly 1 = Answers neither correctly 2 = Performs neither task (Open, close, eyes, make fist, let go) 2 = Performs neither task 0 = Performs ne
1 = Answers one correctly 2 = Performs neither task
1c. LOC Commands (Open, close, eyes, make fist, let go) 2 = Performs both corr ectly correctly 1 = Performs one correctly 2 = Forced deviation 2 = Forced deviation 3 - Visual (Introduce visual stimulus (or threat) to patients visual field quadrants) 4 - Facial Palsy (Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 0 = Normal 1 = Partial paralysis 1 = Minor paralysis 3 = Complete paralysis 3 = Complete paralysis
Correctly 1= Performs one correctly 2. Best Gaze (Eyes open-patient follows examiners fingers/face) 3. Visual (Introduce visual stimulus (or threat) to patients visual field quadrants) 4. Facial Palsy (Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) Correctly 1= Performs one correctly 2= Forced deviation 1= Partial gaze palsy 2= Complete hemianopia 3= Bilateral hemianopia 2= Partial paralysis 3= Complete paralysis
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3. Visual (Introduce visual stimulus (or threat) to patients visual field quadrants) 4. Facial Palsy (Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 2 = Complete hemianopia 1 = Partial hemianopia (blind) 3 = Bilateral hemianopia 2 = Partial paralysis 3 = Complete paralysis
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visual field quadrants) 4. Facial Palsy (Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 0= Normal 2= Partial paralysis 1= Minor paralysis 3= Complete paralysis
(Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 1= Minor paralysis 3= Complete paralysis
(Show teeth, raise eyebrows, and squeeze eyes shut) 1= Minor paralysis 3= Complete paralysis
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5. Motor Arm 0= No drift 3= No effort against gravity
5a. Left Arm 1= Drift 4= No movement
(Elevate extremity to 90E and score drift/movement) 2= Some effort agains t gravity UN= Amputation or joint fusion
5b. Right Arm 0= No drift 3= No effort against gravity
(Elevate extremity to 90E and score 1= Drift 4= No movement
drift/movement) 2= Some effort agains t gravity UN= Amputation or joint fusion
6. Motor Leg 0= No drift 3= No effort against gravity
6a. Left Leg 1= Drift 4= No movement
(Elevate extremity to 30E and score drift/movement) 2= Some effort agains t gravity UN= Amputation or joint fusion
6b. Right Leg 0= No drift 3= No effort against gravity
(Elevate extremity to 30E and score 1= Drift 4= No movement
drift/movement) 2= Some effort agains t gravity UN= Amputation or joint fusion
7. Limb Ataxia
(Finger, nose, heel down shin) 1= Present in one limb UN= Amputation or joint fusion
8. Sensory 0= Normal 2= Severe to total sensory loss
(Pinprick to face, arm [trunk] and leg - compare side to side) 1= Mild-to-moderate sensory loss
9. Best Language 0= No aphasia, normal 2= Severe aphasia
(Name items, describe a picture and read sentences) 1= Mild to moderate aphasia 3= Mute, global aphasia
10. Dysarthria 0= Normal 2= Severe dysarthria
(Evaluate speech clarity by patients repeating listed 1= Mild-to=moderate UN= Intubated
words)
11. Extinction and Inattention 0= No Neglect 2= Profound Neglect
(Use information from prior testing to identify
neglect or double simultaneous stimuli)
Initial Initial
Initials:Signature:Pt Name:
Initials: Signature:
Initials:Signature:

(Or Place Patient Label)

Blood Pressure Management for Acute Stroke

tPA or Acute Reperfusion Intervention Patient

Patient is otherwise eligible for IV tPA or other acute reperfusion therapy except BP >185/110 mmHg

- Systolic >185 mmHg or Diastolic >110 mmHg:
 - Labetalol 10 to 20 mg IV over 1 to 2 minutes, may repeat x 1;

Or

Nicardipine infusion, 5 mg/hr, titrate up by 2.5 mg/hr at 5- to 15-minute intervals, maximum dose 15 mg/hr; when desired BP attained, adjust to maintain proper BP limits

Or

- Other agents (hydralazine, enalaprilat, etc) may be considered when appropriate
- If blood pressure is not maintained at or below 185/110 mmHg, do not administer tPA

Management of BP during and after treatment with tPA or other acute reperfusion therapy

- Maintain BP at or below 180/105 mmHg for at least the first 24 hours after IV tPA treatment
- Monitor BP q 15 min for 2 hrs from the start of tPA therapy, then q 30 min for 6 hrs, then every hour for 16 hrs
 - If Systolic > 180 to 230 mmHg or diastolic 105 to 120 mmHg
 - Labetolol 10 mg IV followed by continuous IV infusion 2-8 mg/min;

Or

- Nicardipine 5 mg/hr IV, titrate up to desired effect by 2.5 mg/hr every 5 15 min, maximum 15 mg/hr
- If BP not controlled or diastolic BP > 140 mmHg, consider IV sodium nitroprusside
- Maintain BP below 180/105 mmHg for at least the first 24 hours after IV tPA treatment

Non-tPA Patient

- Most patients with ischemic stroke do not require treatment for hypertension; however, it is generally agreed that patients with markedly elevated BP may have their BP lowered. A reasonable goal would be to lower BP by ~15% during the first 24 hours after onset of stroke. The level of BP that would mandate such treatment is not known, but consensus exists that medications should be withheld unless the systolic BP is >220 mmHg or the diastolic BP is >120 mmHg
- Avoid hypotension

Jauch, E.C., Saver, J.L., Adams, H.P., et.al. (2013). Guidelines for the early management of adults with acute ischemic stroke: A guideline for healthcare professionals from the American Heart Association / American Stroke Association. Stroke 2013; 44

Vital Signs and Neuro Check Flow Sheet

min	min	min		hr		hr		hr		hr				4.5 hr	
Ì															
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	/ / /														

Motor Scale

- 5 normal strength (no drift)
- 4 against some resistance (drift)
- 3 overcomes gravity
- 2 can't overcome gravity1 flicker of muscle
- 0 no movement; flaccid

Pupil Size



1 mm 2 mm 3 mm 4 mm 5 mm 6 mm 7 mm 8 mm



Pupil Response (+) = present

(-) = absent NR = no response LOC Questions / Commands

"You can't teach an old dog new tricks" "No ifs ands or buts about it"

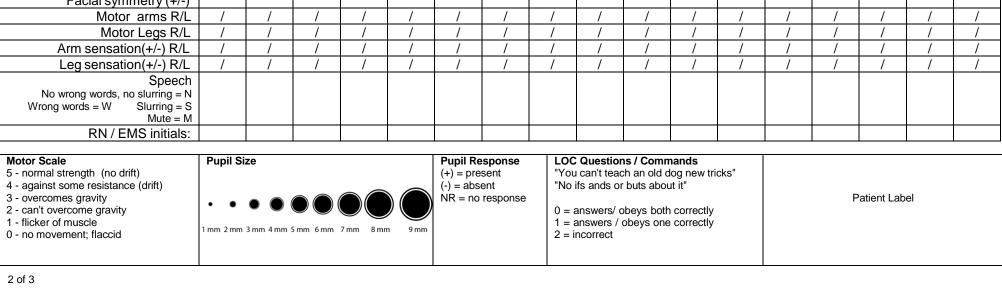
0 = answers/ obeys both correctly

1 = answers / obeys one correctly 2 = incorrect

Patient Label

Vital Signs and Neuro Check Flow Sheet

★To be initiated at the Critical Access Hospital and continued by EMS. Please highlight or indicate when hand off occurred.																	
	5.5 hr	6 hr	6.5 hr	7 hr	7.5 hr	8 hr	8.5 hr	9 hr	10 hr	11 hr	12 hr	13 hr	14 hr	15 hr	16 hr	17 hr	18 hr
Date: Time																	
BP																	
Р																	
R																	
Temp																	
Sp02 RA/02																	
Pain - H/A																	
Neuro Checks:																	
Level of Consciousness (LOC)																	
A=alert C=confused L=lethargic																	
S=stuporous O=comatose																	
LOC Questions - month / age																	
LOC Commands																	
open/close eyes - squeeze/release																	
hands																	
Right pupil size/response																	
Left pupil size/response																	
Extraocular Movements																	
(EOMs)																	
normal = 0 gaze abnormal in one or both eyes = 1																	
eyes deviated and fixed = 2																	
Visual fields																	
Normal - recognize finger myment in all																	
4 quad = N																	
Right visual field deficit = R																	
Left visual field deficit = L Facial symmetry (+/-)																	-
	,	,	,	1	1	,	,	,	,	,	1	1	1	,	1	1	,
Motor arms R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Motor Legs R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Arm sensation(+/-) R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Leg sensation(+/-) R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/	/
Speech											1	1	1				
No wrong words, no slurring = N Wrong words = W Slurring = S																	
Wrong words = W Sluming = S Mute = M											1	1	1				
RN / EMS initials:																	



Vital Signs and Neuro Check Flow Sheet

	19 hr	20 hr	21 hr	22 hr	23 hr	24 hr
Date: Time						
BP						
Р						
R						
Temp						
Sp02 RA/02						
Pain - H/A						
Neuro Checks:						
Level of Consciousness (LOC) A=alert C=confused L=lethargic S=stuporous O=comatose						
LOC Questions - month / age						
LOC Commands open/close eyes - squeeze/release hands						
Right pupil size/response						
Left pupil size/response						
Extraocular Movements (EOMs) normal = 0 gaze abnormal in one or both eyes= 1 eyes deviated and fixed = 2						
Visual fields Normal - recognize finger mvment in all 4 quad = N Right visual field deficit = R Left visual field deficit = L						
Facial symmetry (+/-)						
Motor arms R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/
Motor Legs R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/
Arm sensation(+/-) R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/
Leg sensation(+/-) R/L	/	/	/	/	/	/
Speech No wrong words, no slurring = N Wrong words = W Slurring = S Mute = M						
RN / EMS initials:						

Notify physician:

- Neuro status deterioration / mental status change
- Severe headache
- Elevation of BP SBP>180 or DBP>105
- New onset of nausea or vomiting

Initials	Signature

Motor Scale	Pupil Size	Pupil Response	LOC Questions / Commands	
5 - normal strength (no drift)		(+) = present	"You can't teach an old dog new tricks"	
4 - against some resistance (drift)		(-) = absent	"No ifs ands or buts about it"	
3 - overcomes gravity		NR = no response		Patient Label
2 - can't overcome gravity			0 = answers/ obeys both correctly	
1 - flicker of muscle	1 mm 2 mm 3 mm 4 mm 5 mm 6 mm 7 mm 8 mm 9 mm		1 = answers / obeys one correctly	
0 - no movement; flaccid			2 = incorrect	